Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021 Refresh



Foreword — To be completed and signed off by the Manchester Health and Wellbeing Board, chaired by the Leader of the Council on 24 March 2021

It is important to note that since the 23rd March 2020 the City Of Manchester has been under restrictions for most of the last year, apart from 25 days in July 2020. The City has and will continue to respond to "Enduring Transmission" rates . Our responses to Storm Christophe and Operation Eagle have demonstrated the value of local control of systems and processes in relation to outbreak management, working collaboratively with our regional and national partners.

We will build on the achievements described in this Plan and in line with the national Roadmap secure a safe exit out of Lockdown for the people of our City.

Overview

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

- This is a refresh of our Local Prevention and Response Plan first published in June 2020 and builds on the Manchester COVID-19 Twelve Point Plan which is updated on a monthly basis
- The Plan is set out to show the read across to themes contained in the original plan and incorporates new developments such as the vaccine roll out and responding to Variants of Concern
- Several case studies are included and the learning from these will inform future planning
- At the end of the document, we have included:
 - ➤A summary of our Vaccine Equity Plan
 - Our initial forward plan for exiting lockdown which is aligned to the national Roadmap

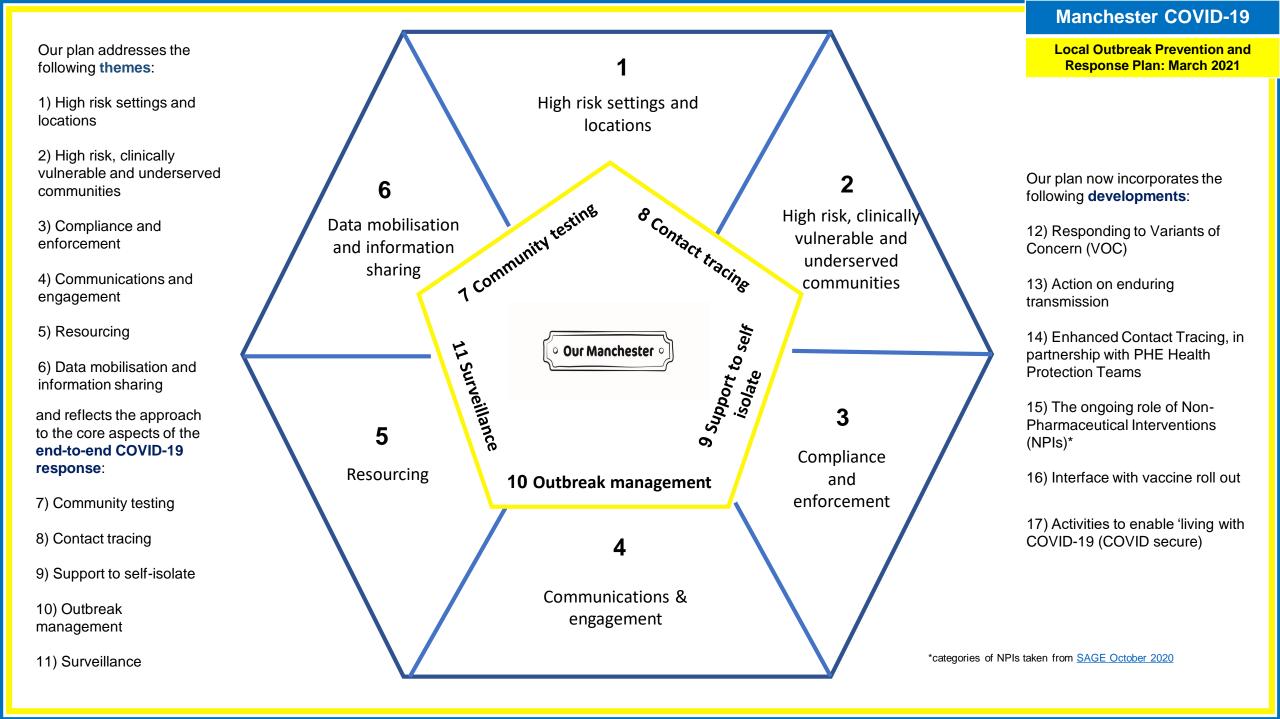
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Local Outbreak Prevention and

Response Plan: March 2021

Introduction

- The Manchester COVID-19 Local Prevention and Response Plan was first published in June 2020. The plan took a broad approach to how we would work together to tackle the COVID pandemic and included how we would both prevent COVID cases and respond to COVID outbreaks and situations
- We have learned a lot in the past twelve months and have strengthened and adapted our approach to respond in the best way we can with the evidence available to us
- We have embodied the Our Manchester way of working and demonstrated Our Manchester behaviours; listening, learning and responding, starting from strengths, working together and building relationships and working collaboratively with others including our local communities and our Greater Manchester and Public Health England (PHE) colleagues
- We have strong leadership, clear governance and oversight arrangements in place and a Framework that describes our Manchester Test and Trace Programme and strategic and response teams
- We have managed and contained large outbreaks in university accommodation, ensured safe and COVID-secure evacuation from flooding which included 'lifting and shifting' an outbreak in a complex setting and undertaken surge testing in two areas of the City in response to Variants of Concern (VOC)
- A year since our first reported Manchester COVID case on 7th March 2020, 50,349 people have tested positive for the virus and nearly 1,000 Manchester residents have sadly lost their lives due to COVID. Many of our residents are continuing to experience long term effects from COVID
- Our thoughts are with those who have lost their lives and their loved ones and people struggling as a result of the COVID pandemic, through health, economic or social reasons
- We are proud of the way our residents and people working in Manchester have worked together and supported one another throughout the pandemic. The number of volunteers coming forward to support essential work has been staggering
- Our commitment to preventing and reducing COVID transmission and save lives is unfaltering, as is our focus on reducing inequalities relating to COVID



Context

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Our plan has been developed in the context of a number of strategies and plans aimed at both responding to the COVID emergency and moving the city, region and country towards recovery. These include:

- The Greater Manchester COVID-19 Six Month Plan
- The Greater Manchester Outbreak Control Plan
- The Greater Manchester Targeted Testing at Scale (TTaS) Strategy and Operational Plan (March 2021)
- Manchester's forward plan for easing and exiting lockdown (Feb 2021)
- The Manchester COVID-19 Test and Trace Communications Strategy

The Manchester COVID-19 Response Group (Health Protection Board) is a multi-agency partnership that oversees the implementation of this plan and key decisions are escalated to Manchester Gold Control chaired by Joanne Roney, Chief Executive, Manchester City Council.

The progress of the delivery of our Local Outbreak and Response Plan is monitored through the Manchester COVID-19 Twelve Point Plan, which is updated regularly.

Our Approach

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

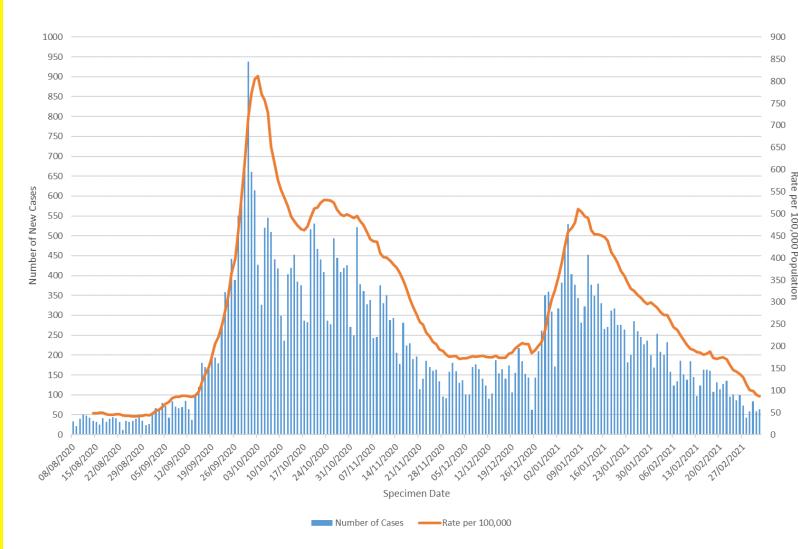
Infection Prevention and Control



Tackling COVID-19 Inequalities

Underpinned by the best available evidence, data and intelligence

Manchester COVID-19 Impact Assessment



Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Manchester COVID-19

Up to Tuesday 9 March, **50,487** Manchester residents have tested positive for COVID-19

998 deaths mentioning COVID-19 have occurred from the start of the spandemic

341 excess deaths occurred from start of 2020 to Week 8 2021

The age standardised mortality rate for deaths due to COVID-19 is **276.1 per 100,000** based on deaths registered between 1 March and 31 December 2020 - Manchester is ranked **6th** out of the 10 Local Authorities in GM

Over **62,000** residents have been furloughed and almost **16,000** are in receipt of self-employment support equal to **32%** of Manchester's resident working age population.

Local Outbreak Prevention and

Response Plan: March 2021

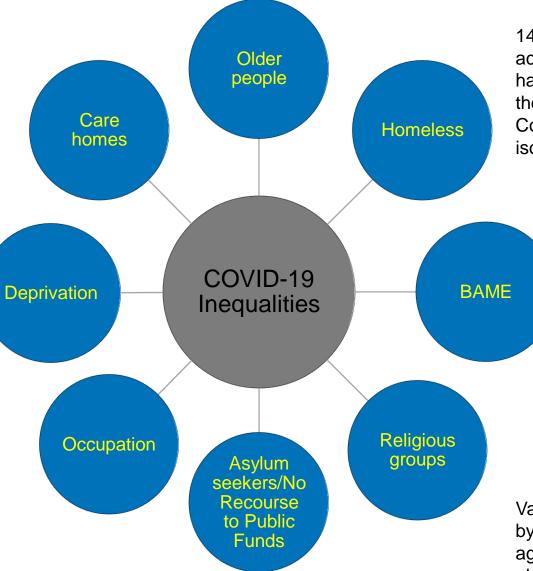
People with COVID-19 aged 80 or older 70 times more likely to die than those aged under 40

1 in 5 deaths involving COVID-19 in Manchester have occurred in care homes. This is a highly vulnerable population

The mortality rates from COVID-19 in the most deprived areas of England were more than double the least deprived areas. There are high levels of deprivation in Manchester

41% of Manchester residents work in sectors of the economy which have higher death rates from COVID-19 e.g. construction, transport and manufacturing

Estimated to be 6000 asylum seekers in Manchester; issues with over-crowded housing, lack of access to healthcare and language barriers.

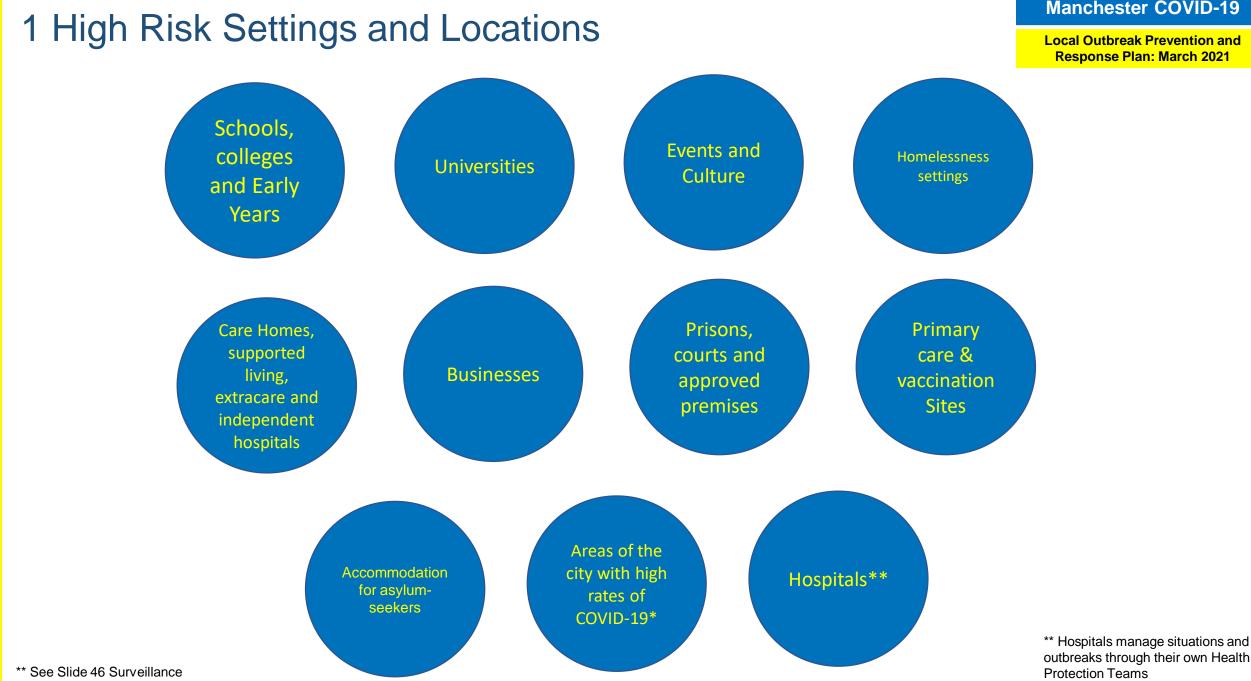


1400 people in emergency accommodation. Many homeless people have chronic health conditions making them high risk for COVID-19. Complexities with testing, tracing and isolating

> Manchester population ~50% BAME. Higher risk of COVID-19 related deaths in many ethnic minority groups. Likely to be a combination of structural and individual risk factors

COVID-19 vaccination coverage much lower in Black African, Black Caribbean, Pakistani and Bangladeshi people than the City's average

Variation in COVID-19 related death rate by self-reported religious group. Highest age-standardised mortality rate in Muslims, also higher in people identifying as Jewish, Hindu or Sikh



outbreaks through their own Health

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

1 High Risk Settings and Locations



Schools, Colleges & Early Years

Achievements

- Created a 'one team' approach between the City Council's Education Team and Manchester Test & Trace, with robust pathways for responding to positive cases
- Provided regular communications, including guidance on infection prevention and control, accessing support, template letters and tools for use with parents/carers
- Worked with schools on the remote learning offer in the event of pupils being at home following an outbreak
- Completed a stock take to review the delivery of the Manchester Test and Trace Service for schools, with a particular focus on access to testing
- Launched a new offer for schools to report cases and get support with contact tracing and consequence management from Manchester Test and Trace
- Offered all schools the option of using the Manchester Test and Trace Service to contact parents and carers of contacts identified during the Christmas break and February half term break to ease the burden on school leaders
- Supported schools with setting up lateral flow testing sites providing a model risk assessment and access to training at a community testing site
- Introduced COVID Marshalls to monitor school ingress and exit and engage with parents and children in a COVID-safe manner
- Provided an attendance helpline available to staff and parents to provide support and advice

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Increasing COVID security

 Reviewed school risk assessments with the City Council's Health and Safety Team

- Closely monitor cases, clusters and outbreaks in education settings when all pupils return to school from 8th March 2021
- Continue to support to schools with implementation of new testing regimes
- Monitor consent for lateral flow testing in secondary schools and colleges and target engagement where consent is low
- Continue to share FAQs and learning with school leaders
- Work with the Manchester schools involved in the National Schools Infection Survey to encourage their continued engagement in this important survey, which feeds into the national Scientific Emergency Group for Emergencies (SAGE)
- Follow up on intelligence from COVID Marshalls to improve behaviours and COVID-security

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

1 High Risk Settings and Locations



Universities

Achievements

- Worked closely with University of Manchester and Manchester Metropolitan University prior to the return of students in September 2020, putting in place:
 - daily multi-agency tactical meetings to review data and evidence in relation to breaches of restrictions and agree action
 - a plan of action with the Student Strategy Partnership
 - arrangements for outbreak management and contact tracing and Local Testing Sites close to university campuses and student areas
 - regular meetings of the four largest Greater Manchester universities to coordinate planning and communications
- Worked in partnership with universities to respond to significant outbreaks in student accommodation in September/October (see Case Study 1)
- Supported universities to deliver mass asymptomatic testing programme for students, leading daily testing meetings with GM universities to monitor cases. Agreed arrangements for lateral flow testing for students return in Jan and March 2021
- Secured agreement for students to access PCR testing before their return after Christmas. Students testing positive would isolate at family home rather than returning to Manchester, reducing risk of outbreaks and promoting better student mental health. Arrangement is in place for returning students from March 2021
- Delivered a joint communications campaign with universities targeted at students coming to Manchester, with supporting messages for residents in key areas
- ✓ Offered support to for outbreak management, testing and contact tracing to smaller universities, including Royal Northern College of Music, University Campus of Football Business and University of Law

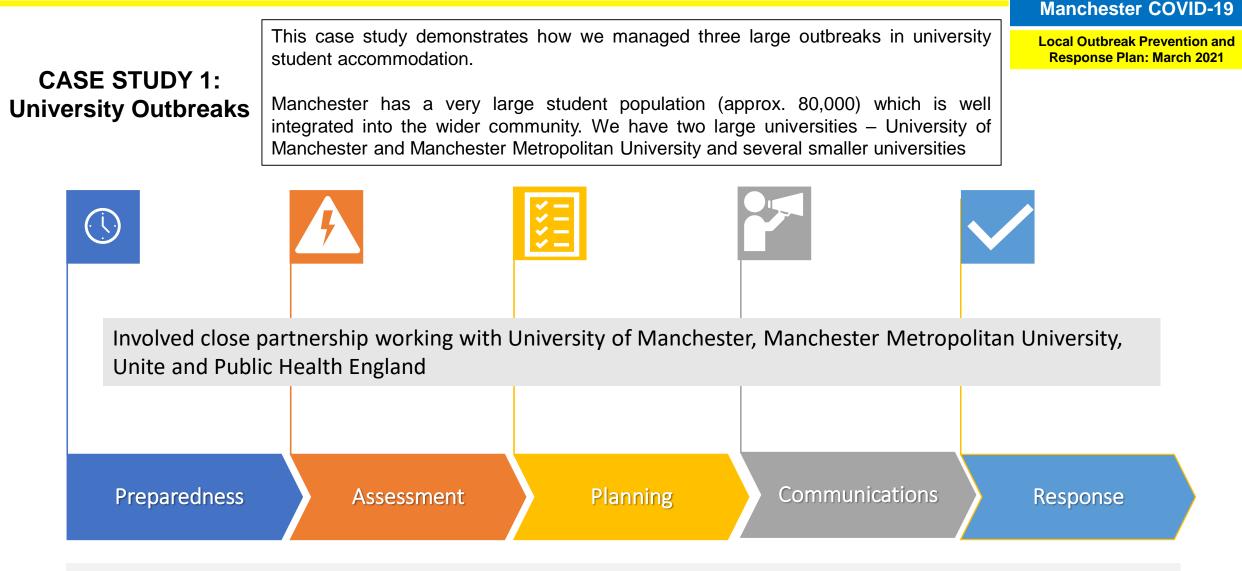
12 Responding to Variants of Concern

- Manchester Metropolitan University included in our multi-agency response to VOCs in our first surge testing area, as the area included a Manchester Metropolitan University student halls of residence.
- Provided information on Variants of Concern and agreed which staff and students would be offered testing.
- Both universities communicated with staff and students living in the halls of residence and student houses and encouraged testing uptake

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Restrictions on Higher education

- Worked in partnership with the Manchester universities to implement DfE Tier 3 (majority online learning) in response to rising case numbers, reviewing and extending arrangements to continue to control transmission
- Controlled large outbreaks by isolating students living in affected halls of residence

- Closely monitor cases, clusters and outbreaks in student accommodation and university campuses with the phased return of face-to-face teaching from 8th March 2021
- Continue to support universities with implementation of new testing regimes



Manchester Metropolitan University students returned earlier than other students in England (from late August onwards) so Manchester was at the forefront of this phase of the pandemic.

CASE STUDY 1: University Outbreaks

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

• In preparation for start of the academic year we worked with the two largest universities, the University of Manchester and Manchester Metropolitan University, to develop plans and implement a range of measures including: COVID-secure campuses > Managing arrivals into student halls of residence in COVID-secure way Establishing Local Testing Sites near to student areas > Adapting the Induction ('Freshers') period to allow for a more staggered and socially distanced return with virtual events for Preparedness the induction period Extensive communications and engagements > A blended model of virtual and on campus teaching (25-30 students in study groups rather than 300+), with plans to switch quickly to online learning if students need to isolate or there are increases in cases > Support for students who need to self-isolate Attendance and engagement monitoring - use of Safezone app > Daily multi agency tactical meetings (universities and partners including Greater Manchester Police) > Community night-time patrols • In the 7 days up to and including 2 October 2020, Manchester had the highest incidence rate of COVID in the country (552 per 100,000 population). The number of new cases was more than double the previous 7-day period and this increase was driven by a growth in the number of cases in the 17-21 (higher education) age group. • The incidence rate in this age group (3,264 per 100,000) was nearly 6 times higher than the rate in the population as a whole. Assessment • By 5th October, University of Manchester and Manchester Metropolitan University reported that over 2,000 of their students had tested positive for COVID, with thousands more self-isolating as contacts • There were three significant outbreaks amongst students in the city affecting students living in halls of residence and purposebuilt student accommodation

• There was concern that there may be transmission from the student population into communities within which students live, which have high levels of deprivation and poor health outcomes.

CASE STUDY 1: University Outbreaks

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Planning

Communications

Response

- All three outbreaks had a formal Outbreak Control Team (OCT) process led by the Director of Public Health, Consultant in Public Health and Public Health England and included representatives from the universities and Communications Leads
- Communication with students included information about the outbreak situation, support to isolate (access to food etc.), access to mental health support and testing arrangements

• Communication with other stakeholders was essential. This included briefings with local councillors and information shared with university staff and local residents

• The large student outbreaks attracted significant national and local media attention that needed to be managed

Birley Fields Campus and Cambridge Halls

- Due to high and rapidly rising case numbers, all students living in these two Halls of Residence were asked to self-isolate for 14 days to control the spread
- A national pilot approach to offer testing to all students was quickly developed and implemented. Testing kits were delivered directly to students in a COVID-secure way
- Other control measures included more effective management of the halls themselves, with better opportunities for social distancing amongst the remaining students and bespoke support to meet their ongoing mental health and wellbeing needs

Unite Accommodation

 An extension of the testing pilot for Birley/Cambridge was implemented and a Mobile Testing Unit deployed, adjacent to the blocks with the highest case numbers. The mass testing approach was used to identify asymptomatic cases so that they and their contacts could self-isolate to reduce asymptomatic transmission

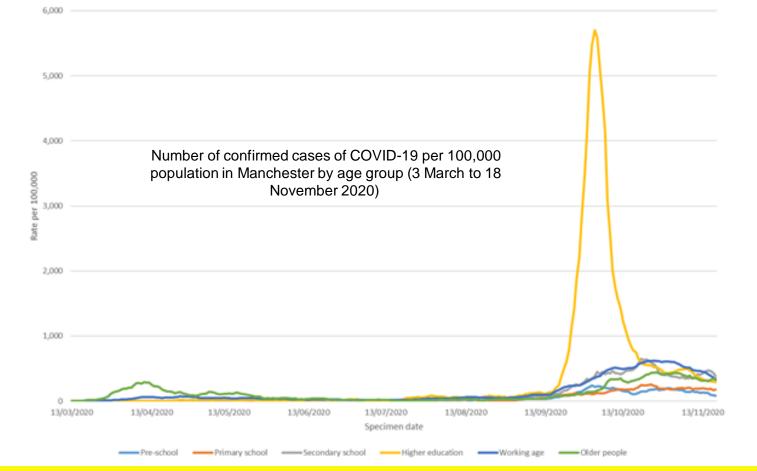
University of Manchester (UoM) - Fallowfield Campus

- The highest numbers of cases in UoM students were concentrated in the self-catered shared flats of Oak House and Unsworth Park on the Fallowfield campus, with a peak of positive cases reported on 29th and 30th September
- The OCT agreed a contain strategy for this campus including the mass testing approach

CASE STUDY 1: University Outbreaks

Response

- Due to the very high risk of further transmission and adverse outcomes in both the university and wider community the available control measures were reviewed by the Director of Public Health (DPH), his senior team and the Chief Executive of the City Council in partnership with the two universities, supported by Public Health England.
- A decision was made by the DPH, supported by the two university Vice-Chancellors, to move to online learning only for most courses in line with the key measures contained in Tier 3 as set out in the DfE guidance. Face-to-face teaching would only take place for accredited and professional programmes, for on-campus laboratory research and practical work and clinical and practice-based teaching.
- Online learning took effect from 7th October and on review a decision was made to continue this arrangement until there was a further reduction in rates.



Outcome: Our response to the outbreaks and control measures worked well and we saw a reduction in the number of student cases by early November. The request for students to isolate in two halls of residence at Manchester Metropolitan University, whilst successful in managing the large outbreak and reducing local rates, created some student unrest.



1 High Risk Settings and Locations

Care Homes, Supported Living, Extracare and Independent Hospitals

Achievements

- Established the Manchester Strategic Care Homes Board, with full system representation
- ✓ Implemented a regular 'check-in' call to all 220 care providers across the city. Provided regular contact and support to homes with cases and coordinated and led Outbreak Control Team meetings. During surges of cases and peaks we coordinated with PHE to provide an out of hours response
- ✓ Distributed COVID-specific support funding and Infection Control Funding (ICF) to all providers
- ✓ Supported three care homes with targeted 'resilience funding' to maintain continuity of care and to retain provision
- Extended the Local Authorities Employee Assistance Programme to care home staff
- Stepped in to support and take over operations at a care home to provide continuity of care for residents
- Ordered 91 iPads for care homes as part of our new digital offer to support online/remote consultation, COVID symptom tracking (using the Restore2 methodology) and improved capacity and issue tracking
- Developed an enhanced approach to risk identification and risk management across the care market
- Supported managers with risk assessments with in settings in regard to identification of resident and staff contacts and worked closely with our local contact tracing team to follow-up staff contacts
- Worked with supported living, Extracare and Independent Hospitals to access testing

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Increasing COVID security of workplaces and other settings

- Provided Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) advice and an ongoing continuous responsive service, developing an IPC 'Super Trainer' offering to all care homes, conducting virtual audit visits to care homes where additional support was needed
- Signposted and interpreted national guidance and developed local guidance, developing a single pathway to disseminate this to separate care sectors
- Conducted an audit of barriers to effective Infection Prevention and Control procedures in supported living, making a series of recommendations for improvements
- Issued guidance on 'window visiting' and worked with providers to support the roll out of the national programme for care home visiting using both lateral flow and PCR tests

16 Interface with vaccines roll out/13 Action on enduring transmission

• Worked with Manchester's Vaccination Programme to prioritise vaccination for residents and staff of care homes experiencing prolonged outbreaks

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

1 High Risk Settings and Locations



Care Homes, Supported Living, Extracare and Independent Hospitals

Next Steps

- Continue to interpret, develop and review national and local guidance and advice and support the implementation that will impact on care homes
- Commence a reactive and proactive audit programme
- Continue to support homes with result management and outbreak control
- Support the IPC Trainers with ongoing development of a training package and programme for adult social care
- Work towards winter planning and vigilance of other infections that may impact on care homes and adapt the Community Health Protection programme of work in response
- Identify a Lead Practitioner for Adult Social Care within the Health Protection Team to aid development of relationships with these settings
- Provide monitoring and access to supplies of correct PPE and a training and fit testing service



Primary Care & Vaccination Sites

Achievements

- Moved a large proportion of activity to a telephone & online consultation model
- ✓ Provided mobile units/shelters to facilitate consultations
- ✓ Commissioned 'Hot' Hubs and zoned practices into 'hot' and 'cold' areas
- Mobilised a Border Contingency Primary Care Service at Manchester Airport for COVID-19 symptomatic travellers with no confirmed onward address
- ✓ Supported practices to be COVID-compliant and to manage both the patient backlog and COVID-positive patients discharged from Intensive Care Units
- ✓ Rolled out antibody testing programme for staff
- ✓ Provided expert Health Protection representation to Primary Care Network Vaccination Centre Outbreak Planning Group
- Held a series of scenario planning workshops to plan and implement processes for responding to situations and outbreaks at Primary Care Network vaccination sites
- ✓ Recruited a lead for Primary Care within the Health Protection Team

- Provide ongoing Infection Prevention and Control advice and support to Primary Care Network vaccination centres
- Work with Primary Care to ensure maximum access to Primary Care testing programme for staff and vulnerable citizens

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

1 High Risk Settings and Locations Businesses

Achievements

- Worked with businesses to interpret, develop and review national and local guidance, providing advice and support
- Supported businesses with COVID cases/contacts in the workplace, coordinating and leading Outbreak Control Team meetings
- Developed a process to support Corporate Health and Safety regarding clusters and outbreaks within city council staff and partner teams
- Worked with home-to-school transport to review risk assessments and develop a reporting form for cases
- Developed a business reporting form for businesses to report where they had two or more cases over a 14-day period, helping to minimise onward transmission in many cases
- Carried out a mixture of remote assessments, virtual visits to premises and site visits to investigate situations
- ✓ Updated Standard Operating Procedures regarding contact tracing, outbreak control and consequence management
- Established fortnightly meetings with Manchester Airport Group to discuss cases and give advice
- Developed information and online access to support businesses in applying for grants/support
- ✓ Carried out proactive COVID secure visits to premises e.g. supermarkets/offices
- ✓ Responded to concerns raised regarding COVID controls in businesses

12 Responding to Variants of Concern

 Supported businesses to access testing in surge testing boundary areas, providing a 'Collect & Drop' service to support employees unable to attend Mobile Testing Units. Sent 1664 letters to businesses within the boundaries to encourage staff to be tested, as well as visiting workplaces

- Work with businesses to plan for and safely re-open parts of the city's economy in stages, by sector. This may require a return to the innovative approaches taken during summer 2020, including further adaptations to licensing to enable hospitality sector to use public realm and outdoor spaces
- Continue to provide financial support to businesses through support grants; £62.8m business grants (23,200 payments) have been paid out to date
- Continue to work with businesses around the roll-out of lateral flow testing
- Implement a new structure within Environmental Health bringing the Outbreak Control, Contact Tracing, COVID-19 Secure and COVID-Response teams under one manager, enabling closer working
- Develop targeted sector-specific communications as restrictions relax
- Continue to interpret, develop and review national and local guidance, providing advice and support
- Continue to respond to concerns raised re: COVID controls in businesses and provide support to businesses with cases/clusters/outbreak

1 High Risk Settings and Locations



Homelessness Settings

Achievements

- Developed local COVID guidance for homelessness settings, including implementation of a tracker to enable local reporting of confirmed cases to our local contact tracing team
- ✓ Shared guidance and good practice from the Homelessness and Health Advice System (HHAS)
- Established regular meetings to share best practice and manage any outbreaks in homeless settings
- ✓ Successfully contained a number of outbreaks in accommodation settings
- Managed 'Everyone In' to ensure all people who sleep rough were accommodated in COVID safe accommodation. Closed non-COVID-safe accommodation and opened alternative accommodation for individuals
- Developed COVID-safe practices across day and evening centre settings
- ✓ Opened a hostel for COVID care post-hospital discharge

Next Steps

- Agree a new outbreak testing pathway to reflect options for using lateral flow testing in outbreak situations. Explore options for onsite lateral flow testing
- Review reporting arrangements for both suspected and confirmed cases to ensure effective monitoring of escalating situations and a swift response to outbreak management
- Review local guidance to ensure consistency with updated national guidance and local procedures around reporting, access to advice and testing
- Review of proactive Infection Prevention and Control measures and development of an audit programme

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Increasing COVID security of workplaces and other settings

- Infection Prevention and Control advice provided on request and following identification and notification of an outbreak
- Provision of virtual Infection Prevention and Control visits for settings highlighted by leads

16 Interface with vaccines roll out

- Developed and initiated a vaccination plan, including outreach, for people living in homelessness settings and accessing day centres. Over 300 complex and vulnerable individuals who are homeless have already received their first vaccination
- Staff and volunteers across the wider homelessness sector have had their first vaccination
- Vaccination plans for less complex homeless individuals and individuals in dispersed homeless accommodation are being agreed with vaccination leads and Primary Care Networks

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

1 High Risk Settings and Locations Events & Culture

Achievements

✓ Integrated Public Health team representatives into the Safety Advisory Group, reviewing event applications and risk assessments and supporting the ongoing review of event plans and proposals

✓ Utilised events to promote, not challenge, the social distancing and hygiene directives and to influence and change people's behaviours

✓ Supported the Professional Squash Association to develop a COVID-secure plan that enabled them to stage their first world tour event post lockdown, with 64 international athletes over 7 days of competition behind closed doors

 \checkmark Facilitated the delivery of the Lightopia event at Heaton Park

✓ Managed the operation of Winter Markets over two five-day periods in the lead up to Christmas

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Restrictions on outdoor gatherings, including prohibiting large events

- Redirected local communities to online events, including Manchester Caribbean Carnival and Pride on Line. Managed the adjustment of plans for Bonfire Night and Remembrance Sunday activities that supported a coordinated GM approach to cancel, scale back or move activity online
- Worked with promoters of student freshers week events to limit the number of inappropriate and unauthorised events that took place
- Supported the decision-making process around cancellation of close density crowd events such as Christmas Markets, Christmas Lights Switch On event and New Year Fireworks

- Continue to support elite athlete events allowed under current protocols at key council venues
- Make decisions on forthcoming events in late March once the measures have been communicated; it is anticipated that community events where large gatherings are likely will be cancelled again or postponed until the late summer/early autumn
- Continue to implement a cautious approach to making any investment in projects that need large box office due to risk of future lockdowns
- Support outdoor events being developed for the summer, maximising the opportunity to maximise use of highway/public space



1 High Risk Settings and Locations

Prisons, courts and approved premises

Public Health England (PHE) North West leads work to prevent and respond to COVID outbreaks in HMP Manchester, St Joseph's, Withington Road and Chorlton House Approved Premises and the Courts

Achievements

PHE NW has:

- ✓ Developed national COVID guidance for custodial and non-custodial settings, localizing this to HMP Manchester and the Approved Premises
- ✓ Provided support with ensuring criminal justice settings are COVIDsecure, through advice and support of COVID-safe protocols
- Provided support for restarting public health Section 7a programmes in the prison
- ✓ Contributed to Winter prevention and preparedness planning
- ✓ Supported the rollout of vaccinations within settings
- Provided wider criminal justice public health advice and guidance to Manchester Courts (e.g. Manchester bombing enquiry), Approved Premises, and the local authority
- ✓ Attended key strategic meetings, feeding in local and regional challenges, issues and good practice into national policy discussions, brokering discussions between local and national partners to ensure an efficient and effective outbreak response
- Provided technical expertise and leadership in supporting the response to the COVID pandemic in in custodial and non-custodial settings
- ✓ Led the response to an outbreak in Manchester Prison, providing COVID surveillance support. Supported the establishment and delivery of contact tracing and used surveillance information to monitor and declare outbreaks. Stepped up a formal Outbreak Control Team response

We have:

 Supported PHE in their leadership of the response to incidents and outbreaks as they have arisen in HMP Manchester, Approved Premises and the Courts

Achievements

- ✓ Led on cases and outbreaks in the Courts
- Supported the development and implementation of routine and outbreak testing processes for HMP Manchester and Approved Premises staff and residents
- Provided advice and support re: COVID controls to the Manchester Arena Inquiry

Next Steps

- Agree national funding arrangements for outbreak testing in the prison
- Agree a process of support for people who are COVID-positive and leaving prison settings with Public Health, Greater Manchester Combined Authority, probation and prisons
- Implement new public health tools within the prison setting, for example we are currently exploring potential for wastewater sampling
- Respond to new challenges as they arise, for example Variants of Concern and Variants Under Investigation within custodial settings

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

2 High risk, clinically vulnerable and underserved communities

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- Established the COVID-19 Health Equity Manchester (CHEM) Group to improve experiences of and outcomes for communities that suffer disproportionate adverse impacts from COVID: Black, Asian and minority ethnic communities, some people born outside the UK or Ireland, people in specific occupational groups, disabled people and inclusion health groups (asylum seekers and refugees, Gypsies & Travellers, sex workers and ex-offenders)
- Developed an infrastructure for reaching and engaging with the CHEM priority communities including the use of sounding boards to provide feedback on COVID communications toolkits, ensuring that messages are culturally competent tailored and targeted
- Established the Targeted Community Engagement Grant for to enable voluntary and community groups to support this work
- Provided funding to the British Muslim Heritage Centre to provide messaging to their communities via radio shows and podcasts and to provide awareness training for non-Muslim staff
- ✓ Focused on ensuring that COVID-related services are accessible for disabled people and Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic groups, including testing, contact tracing and virtual clinics
- Prioritised the care of the Clinically Extremely Vulnerable in our Manchester Primary Care Standards, to ensure GP review of long-term conditions, mental health and flu immunisation for this group, communicating regularly with primary care to support the shielding process
- Worked with partners to develop a whole system approach to protecting high risk occupational groups, including targeted testing
- ✓ Worked with a small VSCE group supporting Middle-Eastern people to produce videos in Farsi and develop 'train the trainer' for refugees and asylum-seekers

12 Responding to Variants of Concern

 Integrated Health and Social Care data used to identify both people who were clinically vulnerable and/or in receipt of services within surge testing boundaries, offering clinical support to test at home

16 Interface with vaccine roll out

- Supported the delivery of the Caribbean and African Health Network's 'Health Hour' online event, with over 1500 participants, addressing fears and myth-busting around vaccination
- Supported the delivery of Manchester's BME Network's webinar around vaccination and worked with them to develop 'Spring into Spring' wellbeing packs, including information about vaccines and public health messaging
- Worked with our neighbourhood Health Development Coordinators to identify 'cultural connectors' to disseminate vaccination and COVID messages through their social media networks

- Continue to support specific groups including those who are Clinically Extremely Vulnerable through neighbourhood working
- Continue to engage communities effectively, including ethnic groups at higher risk such as South Asian and White Irish communities
- Support the voluntary sector through delivery of the COVID Impact Fund, Targeted Community Engagement Grant, Connecting Communities Fund and the Charities Additional Restrictions Grant
- Continue to monitor data and intelligence to better understand risks and the effectiveness of engagement across the city
- Deliver a programme of activity under the umbrella of 'Community Champions' to address inequities. This will include working with the voluntary sector and volunteers to build trust, support diverse communities to access the vaccine and other support offers related to COVID

3 Compliance and Enforcement

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- Established weekly joint operations between GM Police and the city council's Compliance and Enforcement Team targeting the hospitality sector
- Took enforcement action on premises not complying with advice, including the use of directions to close premises
- Introduced a COVID Secure Marshals Scheme across the city to provide advice and support to the public and businesses on compliance with COVID-secure measures
- Held virtual Q&A's with licensed premises and launched a regular e-bulletin to directly target messages and ensure they receive all updated guidance and requirements quickly
- Promoted positive news stories to showcase exemplary business practice in the hospitality sector
- Delivered media work raising the profile of enforcement against licensed premises which are flouting restrictions; produced messaging and signs for the lockdown which include stronger lines around enforcement
- During the sustained university outbreaks in September/October 2020 conducted daily multi-agency tactical meetings (including Greater Manchester Police, universities, council Neighbourhood Teams and Compliance and Enforcement teams) to review data and evidence in relation to breaches of restrictions and agree action



17 Activities to enable 'living with COVID'

• Continue to work with businesses to incorporate COVID-secure measures as part of 'business as usual'

- Work collaboratively with businesses to plan for and safely re-open parts of the city's economy in stages, by sector. This may require a return to the innovative approaches taken during summer 2020, including further adaptations to licensing to enable hospitality sector to use public realm and outdoor spaces
- Take enforcement action as necessary to help to ensure that the relaxation of restrictions is not compromised





4 Communications and engagement

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

Our Communications Team support every aspect of delivery of our Plan, and much of their work is referenced elsewhere in this document. Other work of note includes:

- Designed and produced sets of materials to support enhanced community engagement and promotion of the local testing system
- Produced bespoke leaflets for care home staff and hospitality sector workers and managers
- Increased number of webinars relating to specific issues such as care home visiting, testing and vaccination
- ✓ Delivered support materials for return to schools and created a toolkit in collaboration with Manchester's Youth team to support young people aged 11-17, featuring a video of young people talking about their hopes for the future and a life beyond COVID, together with links to support online
- Increased accessibility to comms materials for partners and VCSE groups via the resource hub (www.manchester.gov.uk/resourcehub)
- ✓ Launched a campaign reminding people in simple terms of the restrictions and their responsibilities
- Developed a 'hearts and minds' video-based campaign which is being used to help ensure people stick to the key guidelines
- Delivered a weekly COVID email (more than 20k subscribers) with the latest guidance and support
- Provided COVID safety messages for those visiting their local high streets or district centres, including lamppost banners and signage to encourage social distancing

12 Responding to Variants of Concern

- Undertook intensive resident engagement in the two areas of the city where surge testing was taking place, ensuring appropriate engagement methods and approaches that were suited to each community
- Managed national and local media and comms work on surge testing

16 Interface with vaccine roll out

- Developed a plan to ensure clear messages to the public and stakeholders about the vaccine and its delivery and effectiveness with an emphasis on neighbourhood-level messaging from trusted sources through targeted communications and engagement activity
- Focused on encouraging 'at risk' communities to participate in the vaccination programme through targeted engagement activity, including areas where there has been traditionally lower vaccine uptake (see Vaccine Equity Plan)



4 Communications and engagement

15 Ongoing role of Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions: Restrictions on outdoor gatherings, including prohibiting large events

• Delivered targeted and effective campaigns in advance of Eid, Pride, Caribbean Carnival and other events, sustained with follow-up messaging

13 Action on enduring transmission

- Undertook targeted community engagement in areas where there has been higher positivity rates. This included working with partners, local community groups and community leaders to provide key messages, help dispel myths and provide reassurance to the community
- Met with Neighbourhood Leads on a weekly basis to ensure they have upto-date information and the support and materials required to be able to engage in a meaningful way; supported by a weekly set of comms materials that focuses on key messages for that week shared widely amongst local networks
- Created local 'COVID stories' and used them to support the city-wide campaign, enabling a more localised approach





Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Next Steps

- Continue to focus on providing local context to national messages as restrictions are relaxed, ensuring that targeted communications and engagement activity are culturally relevant with an emphasis on neighbourhood-level messaging
- Continue to implement our vaccination communications plan to ensure clear messages to the public and stakeholders about the vaccine, its delivery and effectiveness, maximising coverage of the vaccine through a specific focus on encouraging 'at risk' communities to participate in the vaccination programme
- Support the aim to bring targeted testing to communities where we have seen high prevalence in the pandemic but low uptake of testing as we move out of lockdown
- Provide a rapid communications response to any outbreaks and any localised restrictions that may need to be implemented as a result

17 Activities to enable 'living with COVID'

• Communicating clear messages that people will need to continue longer term with regular testing, contact tracing, self-isolation and infection prevention and control measures, as well as vaccination





5 Resourcing

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Local Authority Test and Trace Grant

£4,836k awarded to cover up to 31.3.22. This funding is to ensure that appropriate systems are in place for outbreak management and prevention of COVID-19 in line with Manchester's COVID-19 Prevention and Response Plan The structures planned and put in place are:

- Strategic Response Team
- Response Service including the Central Coordination Team, Level 1 & 2 Contact Tracing Teams, Community Health Protection Team (Infection Control) Environmental Health Contact Tracing Team and a Compliance and Enforcement Contact Tracing Team
- Recovery Team
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) management (to be extended until 30.9.21)

Surge Testing Funding

Nationally-initiated programmes to respond to the mergence of new Variants of Concern (VOC) within 2 areas of Manchester: Area 1 (Moss Side/Hulme/Rusholme/Fallowfield) and Area 2 (Moston/Harpurhey) have been delivered on the basis of reimbursement of costs incurred. Costs for both Surge Testing programmes have been collated

Clinically Extremely Vulnerable and Support for Self-Isolation

Funding to provide support to those identified as Clinicall Extremely Vulnerable and have requested support during periods where 'shielding' has been advised. This funding equates to £14.60 per CEV person. In addition a framework to ensure practical support for those that need to selfisolate is due to be implemented. Final confirmation of funding is yet to be received

Contain Outbreak Management Funding

Funding has been allocated across the City Council in the following ways:

- Manchester Test & Trace: used to supplement spending on the Contact Tracing Team (staff, equipment and estates), the Community Health Protection Team, the case management system, the GM Integrated Contact Tracing Hub and Targeted Testing at Scale
- To support the voluntary sector and engagement with communities most at risk. This included funding to create a voluntary sector fund to support the mental health and wellbeing of people and reduce isolation, funding for advice and domestic violence services and funding to support wider engagement with the communities that are most at risk

Targeted Testing at Scale (DHSC-funded)

This programme was originally planned as a 6-week exercise in January and February to provide asymptomatic testing at an average cost of £14/test across the city for which Manchester would be reimbursed retrospectively. Following the national lockdown (starting 5.1.21) the programme was initially extended for a further 6 weeks and then again to June 2021. Current discussions are ongoing regarding how much Manchester can reclaim

Other resources

Supporting the voluntary sector through delivery of the COVID Impact Fund, Targeted Community Engagement Grant, Connecting Communities Fund and the Charities Additional Restrictions Grant

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

6 Data Mobilisation and Information Sharing

Achievements

- ✓ Developed a range of routine tools and products to monitor the progress of COVID in Manchester, including the daily Manchester COVID-19 Dashboard, a weekly report for elected members and a COVID-19 data page on the council website (over 10,000 unique page views since the start of January 2021)
- Developed a Care Home Dashboard, refining it to cover capacity, infection rates and clinical outcomes
- ✓ Undertook routine and ad-hoc analysis of data within the PHE COVID-19 Situational Awareness Explorer in response to outbreak situations and emerging programmes of work. This included the development of a series of maps to illustrate geographical location of potential sources of transmission of COVID in Manchester based on data in PHE Common Exposures Report
- Worked with universities to share and compare aggregate data in respect of the outcomes of testing activity within the student population living in the city
- ✓ Undertook a series of 'deep dive' analyses of COVID data in order to understand better the epidemiology and geographical distribution of cases in specific age cohorts (18–29-year-olds, 50 years of age and over) and BAME groups (South Asian/Pakistani and Black African and Black Caribbean communities) to support the work of the COVID Health Equity Manchester (CHEM) group
- ✓ Developed a draft COVID Neighbourhood Risk Matrix to support the targeting of engagement activities and other work in different parts of the city, engaging with Neighbourhood Teams to increase understanding of how to use it to support their work
- Developed improved tools and processes for recording and monitoring cases COVID and outcomes for individuals living in care home and other residential settings

Achievements

- Supported the development of a new Case Management System for cases of COVID
- Undertook a rapid review of COVID-related community engagement work in local neighbourhoods which synthesised learning from best practice and behavioural science
- Supported the asymptomatic testing programme by providing data to inform delivery and review outcomes
- Supported the delivery of surge testing through the provision of timely activity and outcomes data, working with Public Health England to analyse the data
- Collected and reported weekly data on cases, clusters and outbreaks in early years, schools and college settings, including the number of pupils and staff isolating
- Developed a process for assessing postcode coincidence reports (where two or more people have mentioned the same postcode as somewhere they have potentially been during their infectious period)
- Put reporting arrangements in place for homelessness settings

6 Data Mobilisation and Information Sharing

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Next Steps

- Ongoing analysis and interpretation of information to inform the city's ongoing response to the pandemic by triangulating data from the COVID-19 Situational Explorer (COVID tests and cases, contact tracing, common exposures and postcode coincidences, vaccine data) with locally-gathered and analysed data and insight
- Support the reopening and continued operation of schools and other educational establishments (including universities) in the city through the routine monitoring and analysis of testing and cases data, alongside the local data collected and analysed by the Manchester Test and Trace service and university partners
- Work with partners to ensure that work to plan for the effective easing and exiting of COVID restrictions in Manchester is informed by an understanding of the differential impacts of COVID on local communities, population cohorts and geographical areas and neighbourhoods within the city
- Continue to provide surveillance and analysis to inform the wider strategic response to COVID in Manchester, providing an understanding of how the pandemic has developed over time and enabling analysis of the impact and effectiveness of local interventions
- Synthesise and review evidence and research to inform delivery and ensure that strategic and operational decision-makers have access to robust, highquality and relevant evidence
- Support modelling work led by Manchester University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (MFT) through the provision of advice and guidance regarding the optimum use of data to understand the impact of wider social, economic and demographic factors on demand for, and use, of secondary care services during and post-pandemic

Next Steps

- Work with the Manchester Health and Care Commissioning Business Intelligence Team to improve data management and reporting processes. Increase our capacity to undertake more in-depth analysis to enhance our understanding of the historic and future impacts of COVID on the health and wellbeing of the local population and on health and care services within the city and beyond
- Look at existing data sources that the city council receives re: COVID cases to see how this can better inform targeted pieces of work going forward, both proactive and reactive

16 Interface with vaccine roll out

• Support the delivery of the vaccination programme, with an emphasis on understanding inequalities in uptake across the city, complemented by both insight obtained from the existing community 'sounding boards' and in-depth knowledge of the Manchester population

7 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Community Testing

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- Stood up a temporary Local Testing Site for essential workers at the Etihad prior to the establishment of the Regional Testing Site
- Coordinated and assessed the effectiveness of different approaches to managing workplace outbreaks, including use of our mobile testing team and Mobile Testing Units
- ✓ Undertook a needs analysis to support decision-making on the best location of walk-in Local Testing Sites (LTS) across the city, working with DHSC, city council partners and local stakeholders to establish a network of eight Local Testing Sites across the city
- Successfully tested different approaches to mass testing for outbreaks in university settings
- Continued to reinforce messages and communications about when to get a test in order to manage demand and expectations for testing
- Worked with DHSC to establish a system for protected appointment slots for essential workers at Local Testing Sites
- Developed a targeted telephone support offer via the local contact tracing team to priority groups who may find it difficult to access a test
- ✓ Delivered the Targeted Testing at Scale (TTaS) Programme (asymptomatic lateral flow testing) for Manchester through five sites as part of the GM and national approach for 'point of care' testing, revising the approach due to the national lockdown measure and giving priority for testing aimed at people unable to work from home and without access to regular testing within their workplace

Achievements

✓ Worked with care homes to support the development of the whole care homes testing programme

✓ Implemented the Public Health England care home outbreak pathway and coordinated access to testing for symptomatic residents and during outbreaks, providing a results service and advice on management of positive cases

✓ Encouraged businesses to access lateral flow testing of asymptomatic staff, providing support and advice where needed

 \checkmark Supported schools with the implementation of lateral flow testing and provided access to local asymptomatic testing sites for primary school staff prior to this being offered by the Department for Education

12 Responding to Variants of Concern

 Worked with DHSC to establish Mobile Testing Units in our two surge testing areas, establishing 'drop and collect' facilities in both areas providing home testing kits to enable testing for individuals unable to travel

17 Activities to enable 'living with COVID'

 As we move out of lockdown the aim is to bring targeted testing to communities where we have seen high prevalence in the pandemic but low uptake of testing. In particular, the communications and engagement work will focus on the support available for anyone who tests positive

7 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Community Testing

Next Steps

- Continue to deliver the Manchester Community Testing Model with a focus on asymptomatic lateral flow testing, utilising existing testing sites as part of a wider community testing offer from April, with effective communications
- Continue to monitor new emerging national programmes such as the Workplace Scheme for employers who will be encouraged to deliver lateral flow testing. The learning from the approach with schools will be key to getting the right balance between home testing and site-based testing to reduce the risks associated with false negative results
- Continue to look at whether the system for locally controlled appointments at Local PCR Testing Sites would support testing in any other targeted priority groups
- Continue to work with care homes on the implementation of the revised care home visiting testing protocol, review in the context of vaccine uptake and transmission rates and continue to monitor staff and resident testing programmes

Adapt our testing offer as new testing methods and programmes become available







Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

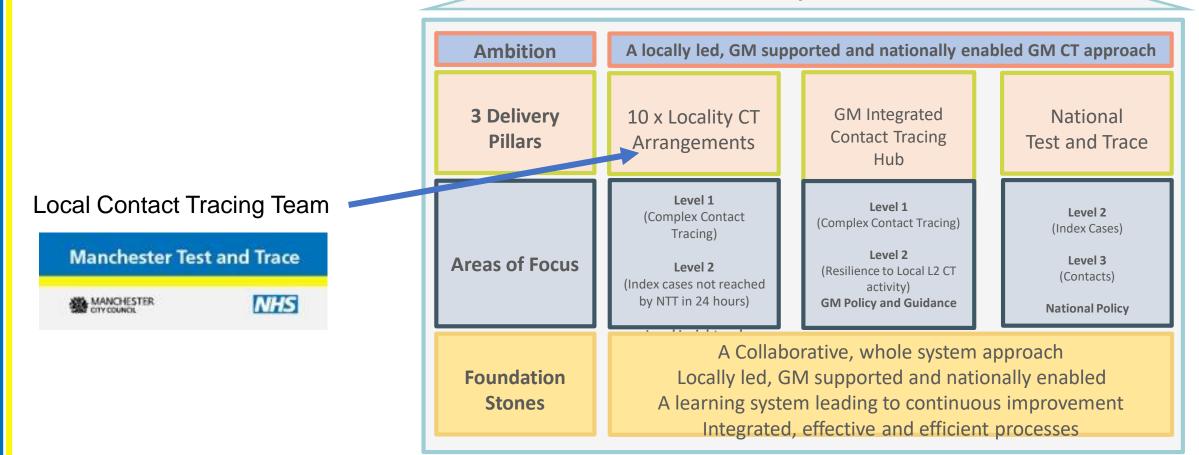
8 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Contact Tracing

Our approach to local contact tracing is in the context of the Greater Manchester Integrated

Contact Tracing model

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

GM Integrated Contact Tracing System



8 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Contact Tracing

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- Successfully implemented a *locality-first, GM-supported* model for all contact tracing in Manchester. Our local team receives details of all complex cases in the city first and then has the ability to seek support from the GM team on a surge capacity basis. The strength and expertise in our broad, diverse and multi-organisational team has resulted in high quality response to local cases of COVID
- ✓ Delivered locally-led contact tracing and consequence management support for Manchester's schools and early years settings. By working closely with the council's Director of Education and headteachers we have embedded a clear, simple reporting mechanism for all cases of COVID, which has improved the quality of data and intelligence on COVID in educational settings. This, together with our local ability to offer clinical support from a team of nurses, has built a close working relationship with schools and early years settings
- Embedded the ability to search council databases for alternative contact details for the cases we receive for local follow-up which have incorrect or incomplete telephone numbers
- Ensured access to a comprehensive range of interpreter services to support contact tracing for people in their preferred language
- Used learning and intelligence from our local contact tracing activity to inform regional and national policy. Most recently we have shared detailed insights from contact tracing conversations to widen national understanding of the symptoms individuals may experience during COVID
- According to data shared by government to compare the successes of local contact tracing systems across the eight English Core Cities, Manchester Test and Trace reached both the greatest percentage of locally-offered cases relative to total cases offered, and the greatest percentage of locally offered cases versus overall cases in the city
- Provided bereavement and suicide awareness training to our local contact tracers to support conversations with distressed residents, including the families of residents who have sadly died as a result of COVID

12 Responding to Variants of Concern

- Secured agreement with the national Test and Trace Contact Tracing Lead for the contact tracing of all positive cases from Variants of Concern testing to be led by the local team. We are the first area in the country to take a locality-led approach to Variants of Concern
- Identified a number of key benefits of a locally-led approach to contact tracing during surge testing. These include
 - Ability to reach cases who do not use the internet or a mobile phone to inform them of their test result and complete contact tracing immediately
 - Ability to answer any hyper-localised questions on the surge testing and tracing activity.
 - Local proximity to residents allows us to quickly identify locations they may have visited in the area. This means we can identify any links between cases and manage any clusters or outbreaks quickly
 - Ability to tailor contact tracing interview scripts for local use to ensure we collect as much information from confirmed cases as possible
- Developed a detailed Standard Operating Procedure of our locally-led tracing system to share with colleagues across Greater Manchester in order to develop a common understanding of responding to Variants Of Concern

8 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Contact Tracing

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

14 Enhanced Contact Tracing

- Carried out backward contact tracing to identify contacts in their incubation period and forward contact tracing to identify contacts in their incubation period
- Used common exposures data and postcode coincidence alerts to inform our response
- Used local expertise to contact all cases that have not been reached by the NHS Test & Trace service within the first 24 hours of testing positive
- Piloted a 'door knocking' role testing whether attending the address of an individual who has not engaged in the contact tracing process, posting a letter requesting they urgently call us back and knocking on the door to offer any support to self-isolate would increase levels of engagement and adherence

Next Steps

- Continue to develop the expansion of local contact tracing capacity to take on additional local cases from the national system and provide a timelier response. Our performance compared to other authorities highlights the good progress made
- Pilot the new locality-first "Integrated Tracing System' which will allow us to pull down any Manchester COVID cases from the national system and lead contact tracing these locally. Conversations on this new system have already allowed us to shape functions and processes. We were selected as the first local authority to pilot this approach
- Continue to develop our own integrated Case Management System for contact tracing and consequence management which will be used across teams in the Council and Local Care Organisation
- Continue to develop a role for a Nurse from our local contact tracing team to visit residents' homes to carry out contact tracing work where required, e.g. to help with Variant of Concern cases

'Older residents report how pleased they are to speak to our Contact Tracing Team as it may be the only call they receive that day'

9 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Support to self-isolate

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- Maintained the Shielded Patient List to ensure it is up-to-date, following up with phone calls via primary care to understand support needs
- ✓ Worked across organisations to ensure we are meeting the needs of people who are shielding, developing a neighbourhood model of care with coordination by teams around the neighbourhood
- ✓ Following the new national lockdown and reintroduction of shielding, letters were sent to all Manchester residents informing them of the local support available and systems were stood up again
- Phone calls were carried out via Manchester Active to all Clinically Extremely Vulnerable residents who received direct food support in the first period of shielding. This provided reassurance and a support offer
- Developed a targeted telephone support offer via the local contact tracing team to priority groups needing extra support to self-isolate that they cannot access through the national system
- ✓ Worked with the council's Revenues and Benefits team to deliver the NHS Test & Trace Support Payment to over 2,000 residents, widening the discretionary payment eligibility criteria
- ✓ Via our local contact tracing team ensured households who are required to self-isolate are signposted to the wide range of support on offer in Manchester, including food support, mental health support for adults and young people and bereavement support. The team further offer advice on nutrition and remaining active during periods of self-isolation
- Supported a number of households with emergency food provision, coordinating packages tailored to meet the needs of those who are isolating e.g. halal food and baby formula

Next Steps

- Continue to work closely with DHSC on developing an enhanced package of support to enable residents to self-isolate where required
- Implement a recently revised framework for councils on delivering practical support for self-isolation
- Expand the NHS Test & Trace Support Payment to include parents and carers of isolating children

2,000+ food parcels delivered every day to residents and families who need them.





10 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Outbreak Management

We manage outbreaks by following the process below:

IDENTIFICATION

- Data from CTAS, postcode coincidence reports, common exposures reports, COVID epi reports, Power BI dashboard
- Local COVID intelligence from education, primary care, employers and other settings and members of the public/employees
- Specialist expertise from our knowledge and intelligence team
- Our Central Coordination Team manages information relating to cases, clusters and outbreaks
- Weekly Rapid Response Meetings bring our teams together to interrogate data, identify situations and plan a response before they escalate

TRIAGE

- Once a situation has been identified, our Central Coordination team triage the work to one of our specialist teams who will lead the investigation:
- Manchester Communi ty Health Protection team (Nurses and Practitioners)
- Environmental Health Team (Environmental Health Officers)
- The teams work closely together but lead work with different settings (see next slide)

INVESTIGATION

- The specialist teams lead investigation work, supported by our Consultant in Public Health (Lead for Health Protection and SRO for Manchester Test and Trace) and other strategic and response team members
- In some situations, an initial investigative meeting with key partners is arranged to gain a better understanding of the situation
- Advice may also be sought from our PHE colleagues

ACTIONS & CONTROL MEASURES

- A multiagency Outbreak Control Team meeting will be called if required, with PHE colleagues included as appropriate
- The Outbreak Control Team meeting will cover:
- Situation update
- Risk assessment
- Control Measures
- Communications
- Agreed actions
- Actions and control measures will be put in place to manage the situation. This may include whole setting testing, followed by local contact tracing

REVIEW/CLOSE/ DEBRIEF

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

- The situation will continue to be reviewed and the outbreak will remain live until there are 28 days without a reported new case. At this point the outbreak situation will be closed
- Complex situations will require several Outbreak
 Control Team meetings, with review of control measures and further actions needed
- At the end of more complex situations a debrief session will be held with reflections on what went well and what we would do differently another time. These lessons learned have helped us to improve our outbreak response work

10 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Outbreak Management

Our specialist teams:

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Outbreaks led by Community Health Protection Team	Outbreaks led by Environmental Health Team	Outbreaks led by Public Health England			
Care Homes	Businesses and offices	Justice - Prison (with representation from the Community Health Protection Team)			
Supported living accommodation	Manufacturing and warehousing	Aircraft			
ExtraCare	Hospitality	Justice: approved premises (bail hostels)			
Temporary homelessness council-commissioned accommodation	Temporary homelessness accommodation sites: private hostels (e.g. Bed and Breakfast, half-way houses)				
Temporary homelessness miscellaneous provision e.g. safe houses/asylum seeker 'dispersed' accommodation	Council-commissioned hotel accommodation for people seeking asylum				
People sleeping rough	Homes of Multiple Occupancy and high rise blocks				
Early Years and schools	Justice - Courts				
Colleges and Adult Education premises	Manchester Airport				
University/College settings, including university- owned halls	Private student accommodation blocks				
Primary Care (with Public Health England support)	Public transport and Home-to-School transport				
Vaccination sites	Sporting venues, theatres, events				
Outbreaks in Manchester City Council and Manchester Health and Care Commissioning offices would be led by either local team together with the Health and					

Outbreaks in Manchester City Council and Manchester Health and Care Commissioning offices would be led by either local team together with the Health and Safety Team and with Public Health England oversight

10 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Outbreak Management

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

- ✓ Invested in additional capacity across our Response Service, including:
 - additional roles within Environmental Health given the scale of workplace outbreaks and the need to provide COVID-secure advice to all employers. There are around 23,000 businesses within Manchester
 - a Lead Health Protection Nurse with Clinical Lead responsibility for Manchester Test and Trace
 - additional Infection Control Nurses for our Community Health Protection Team
 - a Strategic Lead for Manchester Test and Trace to lead the integrated response work between Environmental Health, Education, the Community Health Protection Team and the Manchester Local Care Organisation
- Strengthened the integrated response work between these teams as part of our branded Manchester Test and Trace Service
- ✓ Developed our understanding of outbreaks by geography and key demographics to be able to respond collectively in a flexible and targeted manner and monitored outbreak activity over time to be able to plan appropriate increases in capacity
- Established regular Internal Outbreak Control meetings to discuss current outbreaks and lessons learned
- Recruited a senior nurse to support additional Infection Prevention Control (IPC) training with Care Homes and other settings
- ✓ Established a Response Service Operations Group, bringing teams together to examine risks and issues and continually improve systems and processes

Next Steps

- Further strengthen our coordination of knowledge and intelligence between different parts of our Test and Trace system to identify and respond to situations at an earlier stage. This work will be enhanced when the new Integrated Tracing System allows us to pull down cases we want to manage locally
- Go live with the new case management system we have been developing to support joint working between different parts of our local Test and Trace system
- Agree new outbreak testing pathway to reflect options for using lateral flow testing in outbreak situations

CASE STUDY 2: Storm Christophe

This case study highlights the challenges of evacuation in a COVID-secure way and the importance of working flexibly and proactively with partners across the system

In January 2021 Manchester led a multi-agency response to manage flooding from rising water levels in the River Mersey due to Storm Christophe, resulting in the evacuation of households and settings in several areas of the city

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021



The Greater Manchester shelter and evacuation plan was updated in 2020 to take account of COVID-19



Assessment





Involved close partnership working including Public Health England, Manchester Test and Trace, Public Health Knowledge and Intelligence, Communications, Neighbourhood and Adult Social Care Teams, working with GM Resilience Teams, Environment Agency and Emergency Services - bringing together a wide range of skills, knowledge, experience and expertise

Preparedness

Communications



The work required to plan and execute a COVID-secure evacuation took place in the context of managing existing COVID response work; at the time, Manchester Test and Trace were overseeing 136 settings with cases (65 clusters and 30 outbreaks) sed

Planning

Manchester COVID-19

CASE STUDY 2: Storm Christophe

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

- Safeguarding life remains the priority of all emergency response, and in extremis, where there is an imminent threat to life from not
 evacuating, the priority is to evacuate safely and accept the risk of COVID transmission. In this case, we had time to plan a COVIDsecure evacuation
- Due to high COVID rates and the lockdown in place, it was assessed that residents should not be advised to seek shelter with family and friends (as would normally be the case) but should be evacuated using COVID-secure transport to different hotels and rest centres depending on their needs
- Along with residential properties and businesses, three settings in the area housing vulnerable residents needed to be evacuated: a
 centre supporting people who are homeless, a supported living premise and a hotel housing people seeking asylum. There was an
 added complexity of a current COVID outbreak at the hotel for asylum seekers that also needed to be managed throughout the
 evacuation process
- It was assessed that residents in clinically vulnerable and extremely clinically vulnerable groups would require separate
 accommodation from residents deemed at high risk of infecting others i.e. COVID-positive or self-isolating due to a recent positive
 test result, symptoms of COVID or close contact with a confirmed case of COVID
- Consultant in Public Health liaised with Public Health England to discuss COVID secure options and approaches.
- The Public Health Knowledge and Intelligence Team interrogated Public Health England COVID datasets to identify residents in the evacuation area who were deemed at high risk of infecting others

Planning

- Three hotels were secured:
- > Hotel A for individuals/households deemed to be at high risk of infecting others
- > Hotel B for residents in clinically extremely vulnerable groups (high risk) and clinically vulnerable groups (moderate risk)
- > Hotel C for residents seeking asylum living in the hotel housing (with an ongoing outbreak)
- A Reception Centre was established and COVID-secure measures were put in place, including COVID checks for residents before entering the centre, social distancing, face coverings and arrangements for contact details to taken for future contact tracing purposes if required

Assessment

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Communications

- Residents who were COVID symptomatic without a test result (i.e. not on COVID databases) were encouraged to contact the council to arrange their hotel evacuation accommodation
- Consultant in Public Health worked with Neighbourhoods and Communications Teams to agree approaches for sharing information with clinically extremely vulnerable residents and those isolating due to COVID
- Manchester Test and Trace Central Coordination Team telephoned and texted residents identified as COVID-isolating to alert them to the evacuation risk, checking that they were well enough to evacuate and providing clinical advice. They were provided with details of Hotel A and offered COVID-secure transport where required
- Residents in clinically vulnerable and extremely vulnerable groups were evacuated to Hotel B
- Residents seeking asylum living at the hotel with an ongoing outbreak were evacuated to Hotel C (see Case Study 3)
- Housebound residents with complex health and social care needs were provided with had 24-hour placements
- · Other residents were evacuated to the COVID-secure Reception Centre

Outcome: The COVID-secure evacuations were successful. There were no reported cases of COVID in residents who attended the Reception Centre or stayed in the hotels used for clinically vulnerable and extremely clinically vulnerable groups following the evacuation.

Response

CASE STUDY 2: Storm Christophe

CASE STUDY 3: Evacuation of a complex setting in outbreak This case study demonstrates the importance of strong working relationships between organisations to manage an outbreak in a complex setting at local level

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and

Response Plan: March 2021

In January 2021, due to Storm Cristophe Manchester led a multi-agency response to manage the evacuation of asylum-seekers provided with hotel accommodation in the evacuation area. The setting was at that time in an outbreak situation

Involved close partnership working including Public Health England, Manchester Test and Trace, the Home Office, SERCO, Manchester's Migrant Health Team, Environmental Health, Homelessness leads, Greater Manchester Combined Authority, Manchester Health and Care Commissioning and the hotel provider



The work required to plan and execute a COVID-secure evacuation was conducted in addition to managing existing COVID response work; at the time, Manchester Test and Trace were overseeing 136 settings with cases (65 clusters and 30 outbreaks) set diamonum.

CASE STUDY 3: Evacuation of a complex setting in outbreak

Preparedness	 The Migrant Health Team based at a nearby practice provide healthcare to residents and are frequently on site. The provision is managed by SERCO on behalf of the Home Office. At the start of the pandemic the setting was identified as vulnerable and relationships and working procedures were established between the Manchester Test and Trace Team, the Migrant Health Team, SERCO and the team running the hotel
	 The Environmental Health and Community Health Protection Teams conducted a virtual walk round the premises and offered advice regarding COVID-secure procedures and Infection Prevention Control
Assessment	 The hotel exclusively accommodates people seeking asylum and has 259 residents, including 12 children. There is a wide age range of residents. Some residents have complex health needs, including post-traumatic stress disorder An outbreak was identified at the setting, initially involving 2 confirmed COVID-positive cases in residents and 3 positive staff members in the Migrant Health Team
	 A multi-agency Outbreak Control Team (OCT) meeting was held to discuss the COVID situation at the hotel and the developing potential flood risk
Planning	 SERCO secured an empty hotel to transfer the residents and it was agreed that staff would work at the temporary hotel to provide continued support for residents COVID-secure transport on coaches was planned, with residents distanced and transported separately according to transmission risk
Communications	• Hotel residents were notified as a matter of priority, so they were prepared for evacuation in line with residents of the local area

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

CASE STUDY 3: Evacuation of a complex setting in outbreak

Response

- By the time of the evacuation, there were 2 confirmed COVID-positive cases in residents (in self-isolation), 6 residents in self-isolation with symptoms awaiting results (including a family of 5), 1 resident contact in self isolation and 3 positive staff members in the Migrant Health Team
- Through the night of 20th January, 140 residents were evacuated to the temporary hotel; due to an issue with space it was decided to prioritise the evacuation of the most vulnerable residents including families, positive COVID cases and self-isolating cases. Residents remaining were all on higher floors. Flood mitigations were in place if required including sandbags/water pump/generator etc. Advice was provided regarding food provision
- An Outbreak Control Team meeting was held the next day; more positive COVID test results had come through overnight. Given the outbreak and potential risk of transmission from the return move it was decided to use lateral flow testing to inform a safe journey back. Support from the military for testing was ruled out (given the associated trauma for some residents) and that testing was facilitated by Healthworks with support from the Migrant Health Team. Two residents had positive results, both were to have confirmatory PCR testing. Contact tracing was also carried out. Three days after return to the hotel further lateral flow testing was carried out to include residents that weren't evacuated, residents that had been evacuated and had a negative result on the first round of testing and all staff

Outcome: All self-isolating residents were contacted to discuss the evacuation process and to see if any concerns were raised regarding the transport or their stay at the hotel. Feedback from residents was very positive and they did not have concerns about COVID-secure breaches. One resident reported feeling safe through the process.

The Outbreak Control Team continued to meet regularly and managed the outbreak over a number of weeks. A number of enhanced control measures were put in place.

The evacuation was managed very well. The total number of positive cases was 21 residents (including a family of 5 and a family of 7), 3 Staff Members, 3 Migrant Health Team staff.

The outbreak was officially declared over on the 2nd March 21. A debrief meeting was held and processes/procedures will be tweaked to further improve our processes.

11 End-to-end COVID-19 Response: Surveillance

Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Achievements

✓ Established the bi-weekly, high-level COVID-19 Strategy Group to interrogate available data, making decisions regarding the initiation of enhanced community engagement in areas of high transmission

Next Steps

Review and adopt new sources of data and intelligence (e.g. wastewater epidemiology, Google mobility data, syndromic surveillance) as they become available, ensuring that these are considered alongside existing sources of data

Number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 per 100,000 population in Manchester by age group (1 November 2020 to 3 March 2021)



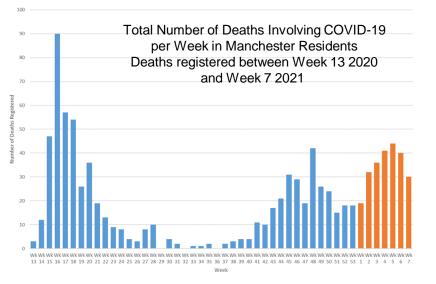
Pre-school — Primary school — Secondary school — Higher education — Working age — Older people

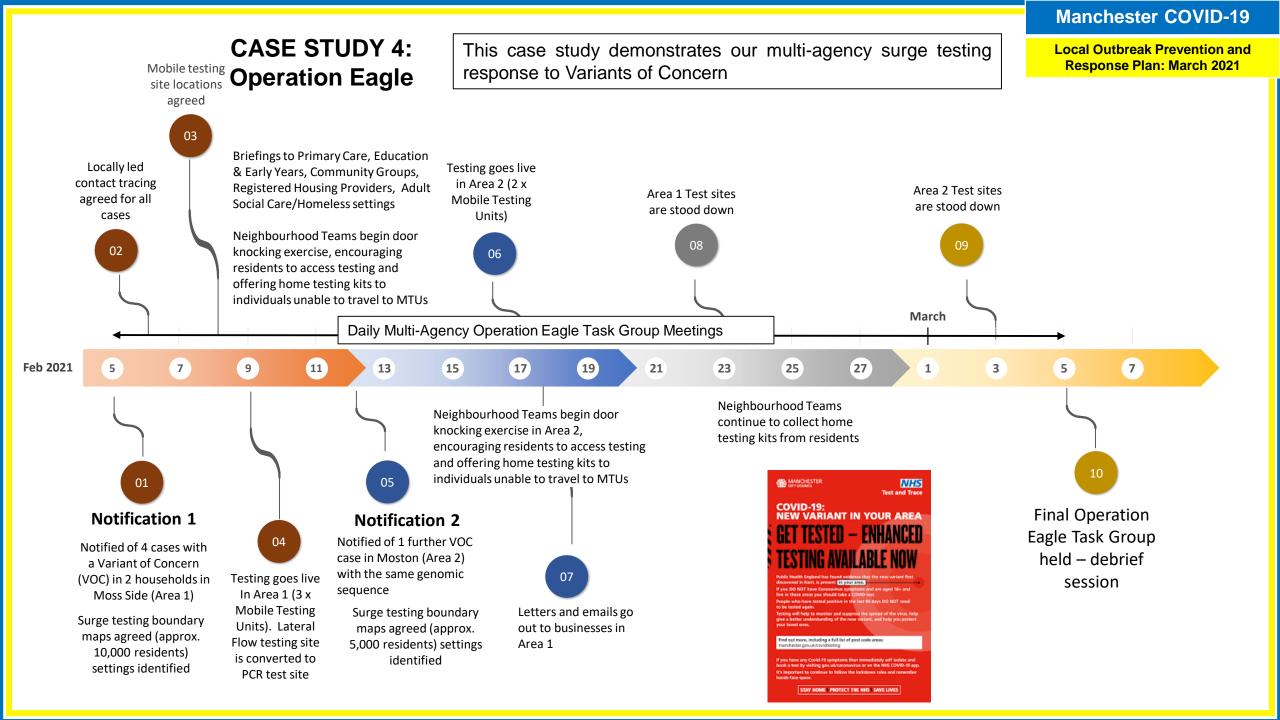
Number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 and 7-day rate per 100,000 population in Manchester: 25 February to 3 March 2020

7-days ending	Daily number of cases	7 day total number of cases	Rate per 100,000 population	7-day rate of change (%)
25/02/2021	86	790	142.9	-17.7%
26/02/2021	99	758	137.1	-19.9%
27/02/2021	73	717	129.7	-25.5%
28/02/2021	42	632	114.3	-34.6%
01/03/2021	58	555	100.4	-40.8%
02/03/2021	83	542	98.0	-37.8%
03/03/2021	60	501	90.6	-38.2%

13. Action on enduring transmission

- Used available data to identify areas of the city with high rates of COVID
- Delivered intensive community engagement plans involving Neighbourhood Teams, Greater Manchester Police, voluntary sector providers and faith-based organisations. Implemented 'Making Every Contact Count' for all integrated neighbourhood teams in Manchester, mobilising front line staff to deliver COVID prevention messages.
- Used the data and evidence available to put in place appropriate engagement mechanisms for the 17-29 year age group and engaged with students and residents in the streets that have the highest concentrations of students to advise them of preventative messages





CASE STUDY 4:Operation Eagle

Outcomes*

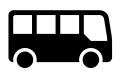
Manchester COVID-19

Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

Area 1: Moss Side, Hulme, Whalley Range & Fallowfield



Local teams knocked on **6,130** properties **2,065** received a second visit



3,609 tests completed in Mobile Testing Units

64 positive tests



1,084 completed home testing kits

26 positive tests



72% positive cases successfully traced



120 contacts identified

97% contacted and supported to self-isolate

Area 2: Moston & Harpurhey



Local teams knocked on 2,750 properties



- 2,067 tests completed in Mobile Testing Units
- 37 positive tests



546 completed home testing kits

18 positive tests



96% positive cases successfully traced



42 contacts identified

95% contacted and supported to selfisolate

* At the time of writing it was not possible to fully report on the outcome of genomic sequencing for the Variant of Concern as some results were still outstanding

Learning

Feedback from Contact Tracers:

Younger people are often keen to complete the online tracing questionnaire but then fail to do so	Many people were feeling anxious and uncertain about the situation going on in their neighbourhood	People who are symptomatic often want to rest and be left alone and are therefore less inclined to answer questions	Older residents have said how pleased they are to speak to the team as it may be the only call they receive that day
On the whole, people testing positive through Operation Eagle have been more engaged with the tracing process – many were expecting the call from us	We guided a person through the Test & Trace Support Payment online application	Some people say they are unable to go back 14 days and remember what they were doing	Five people required the use of translator services to complete contact tracing

Our revised approach to Surge Testing and Variants of Concern:

- Opportunity costs and actual costs from repeat surge testing are considerable
- Preference is to "switch on" genomic sequencing for positive tests in designated areas, alongside enhanced contact tracing led by the Manchester team in collaboration with Public Health England
- Consideration will also be given to wastewater sampling building on the approach taken in other parts of Greater Manchester

We are working with national colleagues to improve processes for responding to Variants of Concern, sharing our experiences and findings from our work

COVID-19 Vaccination Programme

- The plan focuses on improving vaccination coverage amongst people in Manchester based on current data, in order to address inequalities as well as improve vaccination coverage overall
- Complements the communications and engagement plan to increase coverage focusing on target groups of people
- Focuses on short to mid-term actions whilst acknowledging that the issues underpinning low coverage are long-standing, not new to COVID-19 and require a long term plan.
- Proactive and targeted design of vaccination service offers and engagement approaches
- Informed by data and intelligence
- Supported by monitoring and evaluation





COVID-19 Vaccination Programme

Data and Objectives

Electoral Ward Map								
Ittle Hulton	Middle	oldham Oldham	ptake 8% 68%		_			
Ellenbrook Swinton Pendlebury	1	Mossley	Electoral	ward wa	p			
stley Swinton BROUGHTON		Woodhouses	Moss Side			38%	Uptake	
Salford	1 million	Ashton-	Longsight			40%		
PEEL Eccles Manchast	Br	under-Lyne Stalybridge	Hulme			42%	38%	50%
		M60 Dukinfield	Rusholme			43%		
			Ardwick			43%		
Iriam Flixton Urmston Stretford	100	Denton Hyde Hattersley	Deansgate			48%		
A GES AS A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	771.1	Frank - & Der	Whalley R	ange		48%		
Sale	HEATON	WOODLEY	Piccadilly			48%		
Partington		PORTWOOD Compstall	Levenshul			48%		
		ckport C	Fallowfield			50%		
TIMPERLE		OFFERTON Marple Bridge						
Dunham Town Altrincham Newall Green Ga	tley	1 (4427)						
HALE Davenport	Uptake of	Dose 1 by Priority Cohort						
BOLLINGTON Green Hold	3	Irish	76%	74%	77%	2%	Female Upt	take
ligh Legh Ashley Ringhov Styal H	White	White or White British	67%	66%	68%	2%		
Rostherne	vvnite	Other White Background	42%	42%	41%	1%	18%	77%
8 2021 Mapbox 6 OpenStreetMap		Gypsy or Irish Travller	16%	14%	18%	3%	Male Uptak	•
	Unknown	Status Unknown	45%	42%	48%	6%		C
		Indian	60%	60%	60%	0%	14%	74%
		Chinese	55%	52%	57%	5%		
		Other Asian	47%	46%	47%	2%	Gender Diff	ference
		Pakistani	43%	45%	40%	5%	0%	10%
		Bangladeshi	42%	45%	39%	6%	0%	10%
	BAME	Caribbean	42%	43%	41%	2%	Uptake	
		Mixed or Multiple	42%	40%	43%	4%		
		Other Ethnic Group	37%	39%	35%	4%	16%	76%
		African	37%	38%	35%	3%		
		Arab	33%	37%	27%	10%		
Tableau data 2/3/21		Other Black / African / Car.		28%	28%	1%		
	Grand To	tal	57%	56%	58%	2%		

The **objective** is to improve coverage focusing on **three broad groups**

- Ethnicity
- Disabled People
- Inclusion Groups (eg. Gypsies and Irish Travellers, Refugees and Asylum Seekers)

Effective delivery will require diverse approaches, "communities within communities" and intersectional approach (e.g. gender, disability, LGBT, CEV, non/faithbased, occupation)

Aim to provide information, increase motivation, and enable access in order to increase coverage

Develop knowledge and deep understanding of the barriers to vaccination and how they can be addressed (one size will not fit all)



COVID-19 Vaccination Programme

Action to date	Future plans		
Community-specific sessions e.g. South Asian webinar, community radio sessions with PCN/ Neighbourhood clinical leads, MEN Facebook Live event and social media work.	Community Partnership Fund programme.		
'Back to Practice' clinics for inclusion groups e.g. Longsight, Hulme & Rusholme	Increased engagement through schools and places of worship.		
Community Languages clinic – patients who have not responded/declined to invitation contacted in their first language by community volunteers and booked into clinic and session including staff and volunteers who spoke appropriate languages – 120 vaccinated	Further recruitment of volunteers /cultural connectors from specific communities and building on learning in terms of contacting patients in their first language.		
Covid vaccination film made with 14 of Manchester's councillors from a range of backgrounds myth-busting and promoting vaccine: <u>https://youtu.be/fZXKsVLreCU</u>	Further communications work with BAME councillors and local MPs .		
Multiple communications materials translated into 13 languages.	Multi-faith film with faith leaders.		
Work with VCSE to target messaging at specific communities e.g. CAHN event.	Focus on vaccination coverage within the care workforce.		
Use of community spokespeople to promote messaging	Work within neighbourhoods to identify 'hidden' groups .		
Targeted communication and engagement with refugees and asylum seekers			





Local Outbreak Prevention and Response Plan: March 2021

National Roadmap: Manchester Context

As evidenced in this plan we will align our monitoring and surveillance systems to provide a local analysis against the four Government tests namely:

- Vaccine deployment
- Hospital admissions and deaths
- Local community transmission rates
- Responding to variants of concern

Our initial Forward Plan set out on the next slides, reflects the first steps of the national roadmap and will be updated following the NW Roadmap and GM Contain Cell workshop being held on Friday 12 March

Local Outbreak Prevention and

Response Plan: March 2021

Manchester's plan for easing lockdown

Manchester has produced a plan for easing and exiting lockdown in February for the period to May 2021. This set out the priority actions required, the restrictions and measures that are likely to be needed, communications and engagement activity, and asks of Government. This should be considered along the Greater Manchester Six Month, Manchester's Twelve Point plan and other key documents

A very flexible approach will be required given the uncertainties and dependencies with the wider national COVID-19 situation, the evolving epidemiology of the disease, and national Government decisions

Our plan pre-dated the Government's national roadmap but many of the six themes in our plan do align:

- 1. Test, Trace and Vaccinate phased vaccinations to key cohorts; deliver Manchester Community Testing, Targeted Testing at Scale, and Manchester Test and Trace; underpinned by effective data and intelligence
- 2. Economy implement the <u>Powering Recovery</u> plan for our city; short term focus on business support including funded schemes; safe reopening of our economy in April and May; longer-term planning for the recovery
- 3. Schools, colleges universities, early years safe re-opening of our schools and educational settings to all cohorts; continued focus on supporting attendance; recovery planning and support provision for our children
- 4. Residents and communities continued focus on support for higher risk groups and the extremely clinically vulnerable, communications and engagement with our communities, support for the VCSE sector, underpinned by effective data and intelligence
- 5. Events and culture events moved on-line in the short term except elite sport, planning for some live events to safely re-open during the summer and early autumn, effective support and resourcing of events, management of risks
- 6. Democracy and governance planning for an effective return from remote to physical meetings, significant planning for May local elections

Our asks of Government include a package of additional financial support to Manchester, more joined-up support from across Government, greater discretion for local targeting of support, and the longer term need for a sustainable, properly funded multi-year financial settlement from 2022/23

Manchester's forward plan for easing and exiting lockdown (Feb 2021)

	February	March	April	Мау			
1 Test, Trace,	Vaccine 1 for cohorts 1-4 Vacci	ne 1 for cohorts 5-9	r cohorts 5-9 Vaccine programme continues				
Vaccinate	Test and Trace in place until at least March 2022						
2 Economic Recovery	Business support schemes (further su	upport may be required)	Safe re-opening of our	economy			
	Implementation of our Economic Recovery and Investment Plan						
2 Sebeels Fride		Schools and colleges	s open to full cohorts. Revise risk assessments. Imp	ement Government guidance			
3 Schools, Early Years, Colleges			Work with Strategic Education Partnership and young people to develop and imp				
4 Residents and	Support for higher risk group	s. Communications and Engage	ement. Continue monitoring data and intelligence. S	Support for VCSE sector			
4 Residents and Communities			Additional Government support required for furlo extra UC paymen				
5 Events and Culture	No public events planned, activity move except elite ever		Some low capacity and socially distanc	ed events may go ahead			
	Planning ahead for some live events to re-open, including during late summer / autumn period						
	Existing Remote Meeting Regulations in Force						
6 Council democracy			Election Period – From Publication of Notice of Election until Day of Poll	Wholly Physical Meetings Only (Unless Further Legislation)			